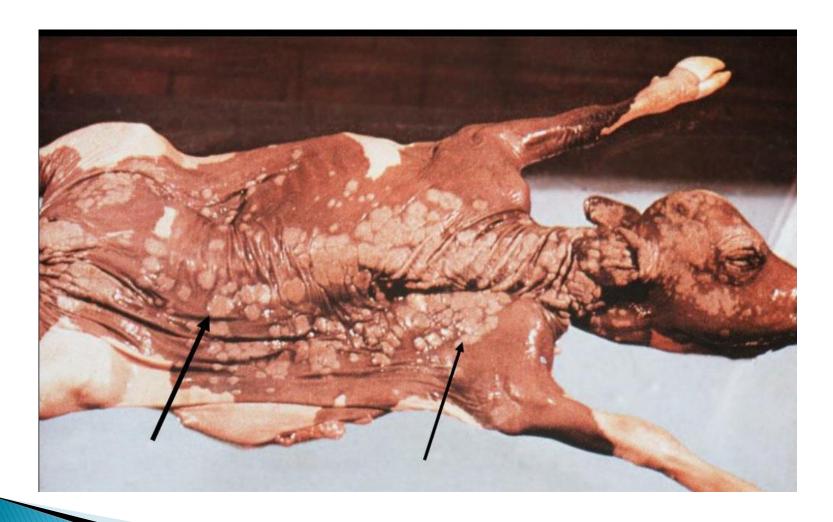
## **MYCOTIC ABORTION**



Dr. Poonam Shakya

## **INTRODUCTION**

- Trichosporon spp
- Aspergillus fumigatus
- A. flavus
- A.nidulus
- A. terreus
- Candida spp
- Zygomycetes (Absidia, Mortierella, Rhizomucor, Rhizopus)
- Yeasts (Candida, Torulopsis)

- Mycotoxins such as zearalenone in very high levels can cause abortions in cattle,
- Aflatoxin
- Ergot alkaloids are toxins produced by the *Claviceps* fungus, which grows in the seeds of various grasses and small grains such as fescue, bromegrass, wheat, oat and rye.
- These toxins have been associated with abortions in dairy cattle as well as other health problems.

## **PATHOGENESIS**

- More in WINTER when cattle housed/fed inside
- Injury to respiratory/GIT → hematogenous → uterus → severe necrotic placentitis
  - Thick, leathery cotyledons + intercotyledonary placenta
- Abortions in 3<sup>rd</sup> trimester
- · Head and neck lesions on fetus

## **DIAGNOSIS**

▶ BY isolation and identification of causative agent